chicago university economics phd

Chicago University Economics PhD: A Pathway to Economic Excellence

chicago university economics phd programs hold a prestigious reputation in the world of academia and beyond. For those passionate about economic theory, quantitative analysis, and policy impact, pursuing a PhD in economics at the University of Chicago offers a unique blend of rigorous training, intellectual challenge, and unparalleled research opportunities. In this article, we will explore what makes the Chicago University economics PhD program stand out, delve into its academic structure, discuss the research environment, and offer insights on how prospective students can make the most of their experience.

Why Choose the Chicago University Economics PhD?

The University of Chicago's economics department is renowned globally for its influential contributions to economic thought and policy. The economics PhD program is designed to cultivate top-tier economists who can contribute significantly to academia, government, and industry. What sets this program apart is its emphasis on a strong theoretical foundation paired with empirical analysis, ensuring graduates are well-equipped to tackle complex economic questions.

Chicago's economics PhD program has produced numerous Nobel laureates and leading scholars, which speaks volumes about its academic rigor and intellectual environment. The school's commitment to free-market principles, combined with cutting-edge research methodologies, creates an environment where innovation thrives.

Academic Curriculum and Structure

The economics PhD at Chicago typically spans five to six years, structured to build a progressive mastery of economic theory, applied economics, and research skills. The program generally starts with core courses in microeconomics, macroeconomics, and econometrics during the first two years. This foundational knowledge is critical as it forms the basis for more specialized research later on.

In addition to coursework, students are expected to pass qualifying exams that test their grasp of economic concepts and mathematical tools. Successfully passing these exams enables students to move on to dissertation research, where they explore original questions under the guidance of faculty advisors.

Research Focus and Specializations

One of the most attractive features of the Chicago University economics PhD is the breadth and depth of research specializations available. Students can tailor their doctoral studies to focus on areas such as:

- Behavioral Economics
- Financial Economics
- Industrial Organization
- International Economics
- Labor Economics
- Public Economics
- Macro and Monetary Economics
- Development Economics

Through seminars, workshops, and collaboration with faculty, students gain exposure to cutting-edge research and methodologies. The department encourages interdisciplinary work, often involving collaboration with the Booth School of Business or the Harris School of Public Policy, enriching the overall academic experience.

The Research Environment and Faculty Expertise

The research environment at Chicago is vibrant and intellectually stimulating. The economics PhD program benefits from faculty members who are leaders in their fields, regularly publishing in top-tier journals and participating in global policy discussions. This direct access to expert mentors provides an invaluable resource for doctoral candidates.

Faculty members are known for their approachable mentorship styles, fostering a culture of open dialogue and critical thinking. Doctoral students are encouraged to present their work at departmental seminars, receive constructive feedback, and participate in conferences worldwide. This active engagement helps students refine their ideas and build professional networks early in their careers.

Resources and Facilities

The University of Chicago supports its economics PhD students with extensive resources including access to comprehensive economic data sets, advanced computing facilities, and research centers such as the Becker Friedman Institute for Research in Economics. These centers provide funding opportunities, workshops, and conferences that complement academic training and promote collaboration.

Moreover, Chicago's urban setting offers practical exposure to economic policy discussions and institutions, enriching the academic experience with real-world perspectives.

Applying to the Chicago University Economics PhD Program

Admission to the economics PhD program at Chicago is highly competitive, reflecting the program's prestigious reputation. Prospective applicants should have a strong quantitative background, often demonstrated through undergraduate coursework in mathematics, statistics, and economics. GRE scores, letters of recommendation, and research experience also play significant roles in the evaluation process.

Tips for a Strong Application

- Highlight quantitative skills: Emphasize coursework in calculus, linear algebra, and statistics, as these are fundamental to PhD-level economics.
- Showcase research experience: Whether through undergraduate theses, internships, or assistantships, demonstrating your ability to engage in economic research is crucial.
- Craft a compelling statement of purpose: Clearly articulate your research interests, career goals, and why Chicago's program aligns with your aspirations.
- Secure strong recommendations: Letters from professors or professionals who can speak to your analytical abilities and potential for advanced study can significantly strengthen your application.

Funding and Financial Support

One of the advantages of pursuing a Chicago University economics PhD is the availability of funding. Most admitted students receive generous financial packages that cover tuition and provide stipends through teaching or research assistantships. This financial support allows students to focus primarily on their studies and research without the distraction of financial strain.

Life as a Chicago Economics PhD Student

Beyond academics, the experience of being a doctoral student at Chicago is enriched by a dynamic community of scholars from around the world. The department organizes various events, social gatherings, and professional development workshops to foster collaboration and camaraderie.

Living in Chicago offers cultural diversity, vibrant city life, and numerous opportunities for engagement outside the university. Balancing rigorous academic demands with a fulfilling social life is a key part of the graduate experience.

Career Prospects After Graduation

Graduates of the Chicago University economics PhD program are highly sought after by universities, think tanks, government agencies, and private sector firms. The strong analytical training and research experience equip alumni to pursue careers in academia, policy analysis, financial institutions, and international organizations.

The program's alumni network is extensive, providing ongoing support and opportunities for collaboration. Many graduates hold influential positions, contributing to economic thought and policy worldwide.

Exploring the Chicago University economics PhD program reveals a blend of tradition and innovation, where rigorous training meets expansive research opportunities. For those passionate about economics and eager to push the boundaries of knowledge, this program offers a stimulating environment to grow as a scholar and professional.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the admission requirements for the

Economics PhD program at the University of Chicago?

The University of Chicago Economics PhD program requires applicants to have a strong background in economics, mathematics, and statistics. Applicants must submit GRE scores, transcripts, letters of recommendation, a statement of purpose, and a CV. Prior research experience and coursework in advanced microeconomics, macroeconomics, and econometrics are highly beneficial.

How long does it typically take to complete the Economics PhD at the University of Chicago?

The Economics PhD program at the University of Chicago typically takes about 5 to 6 years to complete. The first two years focus on coursework and examinations, followed by research and dissertation writing in subsequent years.

What areas of specialization are available in the Economics PhD program at the University of Chicago?

The University of Chicago Economics PhD program offers specializations in various fields including microeconomics, macroeconomics, econometrics, labor economics, industrial organization, development economics, and behavioral economics, among others.

What funding opportunities are available for Economics PhD students at the University of Chicago?

Economics PhD students at the University of Chicago typically receive full funding through fellowships, research assistantships, or teaching assistantships. This funding covers tuition and provides a stipend for living expenses throughout the duration of the program.

What career prospects do graduates of the University of Chicago Economics PhD program have?

Graduates of the University of Chicago Economics PhD program pursue careers in academia, government agencies, international organizations, and the private sector. Many become professors, economists at central banks, policy advisors, or analysts in finance and consulting firms.

Additional Resources

Chicago University Economics PhD: An In-Depth Exploration of Excellence in Economic Scholarship

chicago university economics phd programs are widely recognized as among the
most prestigious and rigorous in the world. The University of Chicago's

Economics Department has long been synonymous with groundbreaking research, intellectual rigor, and a highly competitive academic environment. Known for producing Nobel laureates, innovative economic theories, and policy influencers, the Chicago economics PhD stands as a beacon for aspiring economists seeking to make a significant impact in academia, government, and industry.

Overview of the Chicago University Economics PhD Program

The economics PhD program at the University of Chicago is designed to cultivate deep analytical skills, theoretical knowledge, and empirical expertise. It offers students a comprehensive curriculum that balances microeconomic theory, macroeconomics, econometrics, and various specialized fields such as labor economics, development economics, and financial economics.

The program is structured to emphasize original research, preparing candidates for careers as academic economists or high-level policy advisors. Chicago's emphasis on rigorous quantitative methods and theoretical foundations differentiates its program from many other economics doctoral programs in the United States and globally.

Curriculum and Academic Rigor

The first two years of the Chicago economics PhD curriculum focus heavily on core courses like microeconomic theory, macroeconomic theory, and econometrics. These foundational courses are complemented by advanced electives tailored to students' research interests. Seminars led by faculty members often challenge students to engage critically with current economic literature and to develop their own research agendas.

The program's academic rigor is reflected in its comprehensive exams, which test students' mastery of theoretical and empirical methods. Success in these exams is a prerequisite for advancing to candidacy and beginning dissertation research.

Faculty and Research Environment

One of the defining features of the Chicago economics PhD is its faculty, which includes some of the most influential economists in the world. The department's tradition of intellectual debate and openness to diverse economic perspectives creates a stimulating research environment.

Faculty members are actively engaged in cutting-edge research, often collaborating with students on projects that contribute to fields such as game theory, market design, behavioral economics, and macroeconomic policy. This mentorship is vital for PhD candidates, providing them with guidance and access to extensive academic networks.

Comparative Advantages of the Chicago Economics PhD

When compared to other top-tier economics doctoral programs, Chicago's economics PhD stands out for its distinctive approach to economic theory and empirical work. Unlike some programs that may lean heavily toward applied economics or policy analysis, Chicago maintains a strong theoretical orientation paired with robust quantitative training.

Reputation and Alumni Network

The University of Chicago's economics department boasts an impressive roster of alumni who have gone on to hold prestigious academic positions, influential roles in government institutions like the Federal Reserve, and leadership roles in private sector firms. This extensive network offers current students valuable opportunities for collaboration, internships, and employment.

Research Output and Impact

Chicago economics PhD graduates frequently contribute to top economic journals such as the American Economic Review and Econometrica. The department's influence extends beyond academia into policy-making circles, where its research shapes economic policy on issues ranging from monetary policy to income inequality.

Admission Criteria and Candidate Profile

Admission into the University of Chicago's economics PhD program is highly competitive. Candidates typically possess strong quantitative backgrounds, often with degrees in economics, mathematics, statistics, or related fields. High GRE scores, especially in quantitative reasoning, and exceptional letters of recommendation are critical components of a successful application.

Application Components

Applicants must submit:

- Transcripts demonstrating excellence in relevant coursework
- GRE scores, with a focus on quantitative performance
- Letters of recommendation from academic or professional references
- A statement of purpose outlining research interests and motivations
- In some cases, writing samples or previous research experience

The admissions committee looks for evidence of strong analytical ability, a clear research focus, and the potential to thrive in a rigorous academic environment.

Financial Support and Funding Opportunities

The University of Chicago offers competitive funding packages for economics PhD students, which typically include tuition waivers, stipends, and health insurance. Graduate students often receive support through research assistantships or teaching assistantships, providing valuable professional experience alongside financial aid.

This funding support is crucial in enabling students to focus on their studies and research without the burden of financial stress, fostering an optimal environment for academic and intellectual growth.

Career Prospects for Chicago Economics PhD Graduates

Graduates of the Chicago economics PhD program are highly sought after in academia, government agencies, international organizations, and the private sector. The training they receive equips them with the tools to analyze complex economic problems, design and evaluate economic policies, and contribute original research.

Typical career paths include:

• University faculty positions in economics and related disciplines

- Research roles at central banks and government economic advisory bodies
- Positions in international organizations such as the World Bank or IMF
- Economic consulting and data science roles in the private sector

The robust theoretical grounding and quantitative expertise fostered by the Chicago economics PhD program ensure that graduates remain competitive and influential in diverse professional arenas.

Challenges and Considerations

While the University of Chicago's economics PhD program offers exceptional opportunities, it also presents considerable challenges. The program's intensity and expectations for independent research can be daunting. The intellectual environment demands resilience, self-motivation, and a willingness to engage deeply with complex theoretical concepts.

Prospective students should weigh the program's demanding nature against their career goals and personal capacities. The experience is rewarding for those committed to rigorous economic scholarship, but may not suit individuals seeking a less theoretical or less quantitatively intensive path.

Chicago's location in an urban setting also means students must navigate the costs and dynamics of living in a major metropolitan area, which can influence overall graduate experience.

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The Chicago University economics PhD program continues to uphold its legacy as a cornerstone of economic thought and innovation. Its blend of rigorous coursework, distinguished faculty mentorship, and a vibrant research community makes it a compelling choice for those aspiring to contribute meaningfully to the field of economics.

Chicago University Economics Phd

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States, 1932-1972: Volume 1 Edward Nelson, 2020-11-06 First in a two-volume study of Friedman's long career: "No previous biographer has Nelson's deep and sophisticated understanding of monetary economics." —Economic History This study is the first to distill Nobel Prize winner Milton Friedman's vast body of writings into an authoritative account of his research, his policy views, and his interventions in public debate. With this ambitious new work, Edward Nelson closes the gap: Milton Friedman and Economic Debate in the United States is the defining narrative on the famed economist, the first to grapple comprehensively with Friedman's research output, economic framework, and legacy. This two-volume account provides a foundational introduction to Friedman's role in several major economic debates that took place in the United States between 1932 and 1972. This first volume in the two-volume account takes the story through 1960, covering the period in which Friedman began and developed his research on monetary policy. It traces Friedman's thinking from his professional beginnings in the 1930s as a combative young microeconomist, to his wartime years on the staff of the US Treasury, and his emergence in the postwar period as a leading proponent of monetary policy. As a fellow monetary economist, Nelson writes from a unique vantage point, drawing on both his own expertise in monetary analysis and his deep familiarity with Friedman's writings. Using extensive documentation, the book weaves together Friedman's research contributions and his engagement in public debate, providing an unparalleled analysis of Friedman's views on the economic developments of his day. "Magisterial . . . For anyone wanting to understand the ideas that Friedman generated over his research career, this book is, and will remain for some time, the essential guide." -Financial World

chicago university economics phd: Pluralist Economics Edward Fullbrook, 2009-05-15 This book is an authoritative and accessible guide to the pluralist movement threatening to revolutionise mainstream economics. Leading figures in the field explain why pluralism is a required virtue in economics, how it came to be blocked and what it means for the way we think about, research and teach economics. The first part of the book looks at how neoclassical economics gained its stranglehold, particularly in the United States, and how the social and intellectual underpinnings of economics have enabled it to maintain this in the face of inconsistent evidence from the real world. This is then contrasted with different approaches to pluralism. Pluralist Economics then goes on to address the array of arguments for establishing pluralism, showing how economics came to function as a concealed ideology and not as a science, and how value-free economics is an illusion. Finally, it addresses the practical problems presented by this different way of doing economics.

chicago university economics phd: The Dark Side of Nudges Maria Alejandra Madi, 2019-06-21 The concept of nudging has hit news headlines in recent years following the implementation of nudge policies in many parts of the world, the establishment of behavioural policy units in some countries, and the award of the Nobel Prize in Economics to the behavioural economist Richard Thaler in 2017. However, questions remain about whether nudging is an optimal approach to policy-making. This book presents a critical approach to the study of nudging to highlight the foundations, rationale and effects of current policy-making trends in the neoliberal age of behavioural economics. In this provocative book, the author presents a re-examination of the methodological foundations of behavioural economics and its consequences for addressing the deep social and economic policy challenges of our times. It is argued that, although the concept of nudge proposed by Richard Thaler and Cass Sunstein rejects the theorization of economic behaviour under models of strict rationality, nudge policies focus on methodological individualism in economic thinking and economic policy. The complexity of social and economic policy problems of the twenty-first century calls for a revision of our conceptual outlooks, and to increase recognition of the failure of methodological individualism in economics to address the unprecedented social, political, and environmental challenges of globalization. Offering a new take on the epistemological assumptions underlying behaviourally-informed policies, this book will prompt the general public to consider new ideas about the darker side of behavioural economics.

chicago university economics phd: *The Oxford Handbook of American Economic History, vol.* 2 Edited by Louis P. Cain, Edited by Price V. Fishback, Edited by Paul W. Rhode, 2018-06-15

American economic history describes the transition of a handful of struggling settlements on the Atlantic seaboard into the nation with the most successful economy in the world today. As the economy has developed, so have the methods used by economic historians to analyze the process. Interest in economic history has sharply increased in recent years among the public, policy-makers, and in the academy. The current economic turmoil, calling forth comparisons with the Great Depression of the 1930s, is in part responsible for the surge in interest among the public and in policy circles. It has also stimulated greater scholarly research into past financial crises, the multiplier effects of fiscal and monetary policy, the dynamics of the housing market, and international economic cooperation and conflict. Other pressing policy issues--including the impending retirement of the Baby-Boom generation, the ongoing expansion of the healthcare sector, and the environmental challenges imposed by global climate change--have further increased demand for the long-run perspective given by economic history. Confronting this need, The Oxford Handbook of American Economic History affords access to the latest research on the crucial events, themes, and legacies of America's economic history--from colonial America, to the Civil War,up to present day. More than fifty contributors address topics as wide-ranging as immigration, agriculture, and urbanization. Over its two volumes, this handbook gives readers not only a comprhensive look at where the field of American economic history currently stands but where it is headed in the years to come.

chicago university economics phd: Peterson's Graduate Programs in the Social Sciences 2011 Peterson's, 2011-07-01 Peterson's Graduate Programs in the Social Sciences contains a wealth of information on colleges and universities that offer graduate work in Area & Cultural Studies; Communication & Media; Conflict Resolution & Mediation/Peace Studies; Criminology & Forensics; Economics; Family & Consumer Sciences; Geography; Military & Defense Studies; Political Science & International Affairs; Psychology & Counseling; Public, Regional, & Industrial Affairs; Social Sciences; and Sociology, Anthropology, & Archaeology. Institutions listed include those in the United States, Canada, and abroad that are accredited by U.S. accrediting agencies. Up-to-date data, collected through Peterson's Annual Survey of Graduate and Professional Institutions, provides valuable information on degree offerings, professional accreditation, jointly offered degrees, part-time and evening/weekend programs, postbaccalaureate distance degrees, faculty, students, degree requirements, entrance requirements, expenses, financial support, faculty research, and unit head and application contact information. Readers will find helpful links to in-depth descriptions that offer additional detailed information about a specific program or department, faculty members and their research, and much more. In addition, there are valuable articles on financial assistance, the graduate admissions process, advice for international and minority students, and facts about accreditation, with a current list of accrediting agencies.

chicago university economics phd: The Real Economy Jonathan Levy, 2025-02-25 A provocative new theory of "the economy," its history, and its politics that better unites history and economics What is the economy, really? Is it a "market sector," a "general equilibrium," or the "gross domestic product"? Economics today has become so preoccupied with methods that economists risk losing sight of the economy itself. Meanwhile, other disciplines, although often intent on criticizing the methods of economics, have failed to articulate an alternative vision of the economy. Before the ascent of postwar neoclassical economics, fierce debates raged, as many different visions of the economy circulated and competed with one another. In The Real Economy, Jonathan Levy returns to the spirit of this earlier era, which, in all its contentiousness, gave birth to the discipline of economics. Drawing inspiration particularly from Thorstein Veblen and John Maynard Keynes, Levy proposes a theory of the economy that is open to rich empirical and historical scrutiny, covering topics that include the emergence of capitalism, the notion of radical uncertainty, the meaning of demand, the primal desire for money, the history of corporations, and contemporary globalization. Writing for anyone interested in the study of the economy, Levy provides an invaluable provocation for a broader debate in the social sciences and humanities concerning what "the economy" is.

chicago university economics phd: The Oxford Handbook of American Economic History Volume 2 Edited by Louis P. Cain, Edited by Price V. Fishback, Edited by Paul W. Rhode, 2018-06-15 The Oxford Handbook of American Economic History affords access to the latest research on the crucial events, themes, and legacies of America's economic history--from colonial America, to the Civil War, up to present day.

chicago university economics phd: Für eine Neue Ökonomik Steve Keen, 2024-10-01 Die Wirtschaftswissenschaften leiden an einer unheilbaren Krankheit, meint der australische Ökonom Steve Keen. Denn sie orientieren sich vor allem an der neoklassischen Theorie. Dank falscher Grundannahmen und untauglicher Methodik sind sie nicht in der Lage, die wissenschaftliche Basis für dringend notwendige wirtschaftspolitische Maßnahmen zu liefern, die die Menschheit zur Bewältigung gegenwärtiger und zukünftiger Herausforderungen braucht. Die heute vorherrschende neoklassische Wirtschaftslehre gleicht eher einer Religion als einer Wissenschaft, meint Steve Keen. In den Naturwissenschaften wird eine Theorie, die die Realität nicht vollständig erklären kann, aufgegeben und durch ein neues Paradigma ersetzt. Um funktional und wissenschaftlich zu sein, braucht auch die Ökonomik dringend einen Paradigmenwechsel. Die Kernpunkte der Neuen Ökonomik, die der Autor in diesem Buch erläutert, handeln von der Berücksichtigung der zentralen Rolle des Geldes sowie der Modellierung des Kapitalismus als komplexes, dynamisches und chaotisches System. Keens Manifest richtet sich an junge Studierende der Volkswirtschaft ebenso wie an interessierte Laien. Seine Neue Ökonomik ist verständlich geschrieben und gibt über die ausführlichen Literaturhinweise Anregungen zum Weiterlernen.

chicago university economics phd: The Palgrave Companion to Chicago Economics Robert A. Cord, 2023-01-01 The University of Chicago has been and continues to be one of the most important global centres for economics. With six chapters on themes in Chicago economics and 33 chapters on the lives and work of Chicago economists, this volume shows how economics became established at the University, how it produced some of the world's best-known economists, including Frank Knight, Milton Friedman and Robert Lucas, and how it remains a global force for the very best in teaching and research in economics. With original contributions from a stellar cast, this volume provides economists – especially those interested in macroeconomics and the history of economic thought – with an in-depth analysis of Chicago economics.

chicago university economics phd: The Economics Book DK, 2014-12-19 All your complicated economic questions and theories explained by world experts. Economics is a broad topic and if you're not an economist by profession, your knowledge might be limited - until now! The Economics Book is your jargon-free, visual guide to understanding the production and distribution of wealth. Using a combination of authoritative, clear text, and bold graphics, this encyclopedia explores and explains big questions and issues that affect us all - everything from taxation, to recession, to the housing market and much more! By following an innovative visual approach, The Economics Bookdemystifies and untangles complicated theories. Make sense of abstract concepts through colourful graphics, fun facts, and step-by-step flow diagrams. Satisfy Your Hunger for Knowledge Dive deeper into the history of economics with this page-turning book! From the ancient Greeks to today, you'll discover over 100 key ideas from the world's greatest theorists, such as Thomas Malthus, John Maynard Keynes, and Milton Friedman. Fortunately, you don't need a degree in economics to gain this type of understanding. The Economics Book is your accessible guide to gaining tonnes of invaluable economic knowledge and learning how the economy shapes our world! This book will be your guide through the history of economics: - Let the Trading Begin 400 BCE -1770 CE - The Age of Reason 1770 - 1820 - Industrial and Economic Revolutions 1820 - 1929 - War and Depressions: 1929 - 1945 - Post-War Economics 1945 - 1970 - Contemporary Economics 1970 -Present The Series Simply Explained With over 7 million copies sold worldwide to date, The Economics Book is part of the award-winning Big Ideas series from DK Books. It uses innovative graphics along with engaging writing to make complex subjects easier to understand.

chicago university economics phd: *Equity and Efficiency in Economic Development* Donald J. Savoie, Irving Brecher, 1992-10-16 The ideological foundations of the contributors range from

personalized neo-Marxism, through extreme centre neo-Keynesianism, to hard-line neoclassical mathematical economics. Despite this diversity there is a surprising degree of consensus. No contributor advocates centralized planning and none expects a free market to cure all economic ills. Opinions vary as to how well the market actually works, but all agree that equity and efficiency are essential goals which most consider to be complementary rather than mutually exclusive. In the concluding chapter it is suggested that current economic problems are caused not so much by government intervention as by the nature of that intervention. The authors believe that the recent ideological convergence may lead to a new paradigm, a theory of the optimal blend of market and management that will be flexible enough to deal with the varying conditions of diverse societies, thus simplifying the task of creating a smooth-running global economy. The contributors are Irma Adelman, Mark Blaug, Kenneth Boulding, Irving Brecher, Albert Breton, John S. Chipman, André Gunder Frank, Martha Fuentes Frank, Niles Hansen, Murray C. Kemp, Robin Marris, Richard Musgrave, Walt Rostow, Donald J. Savoie, Nicholas Spulber, and Paul Streeten. Higgins himself contributes a chapter on basic concepts and collaborates with Donald Savoie on the final chapter.

chicago university economics phd: <u>Making Money in Ancient Athens</u> Michael Leese, 2021-10-20 Explores how ancient Athenians made economic decisions

chicago university economics phd: Capitalism's Hidden Worlds Kenneth Lipartito, Lisa Jacobson, 2019-12-06 A dynamic social history of shadow capitalism spanning the late nineteenth and twentieth centuries Observers see free markets, the relentless pursuit of profit, and the unremitting drive to commodify everything as capitalism's defining characteristics. These most visible economic features, however, obscure a range of other less evident, often unmeasured activities that occur on the margins and in the concealed corners of the formal economy. The range of practices in this large and diverse hidden realm encompasses traders in recycled materials and the architects of junk bonds and shadow banking. It includes the black and semi-licit markets that allow wealthy elites to avoid taxes and the unmeasured domestic and emotional labor of homemakers and home care workers. By some estimates, the unmeasured economic activity that occurs within the household, informal market, and underground economy amounts to a substantial portion of all economic activity in the world, as much as 30 percent in some countries. Capitalism's Hidden Worlds sheds new light on this shadowy economic landscape by reexamining how we think about the market. In particular, it scrutinizes the missed connections between the official, visible realm of exchange and the uncounted and invisible sectors that border it. While some hidden markets emerged in opposition to the formal economy, much of the obscured economy described in this volume operates as the other side of the legitimate, state-sanctioned marketplace. A variety of historical actors—from fortune tellers and forgers to tax lawyers and black market consumers—have constructed this unseen world in tandem with the observable public world of transactions. Others, such as feminist development economists and government regulators, have worked to bring the darkened corners of the economy to light. The essays in Capitalism's Hidden Worlds explore how the capitalist marketplace sustains itself, how it acquires legitimacy and even prestige, and how the marginalized and the dispossessed find ways to make ends meet. Contributors: Bruce Baker, Eileen Boris, Eli Cook, Hannah Frydman, James Hollis, Owen Hyman, Anna Kushkova, Christopher McKenna, Kenneth Mouré, Philip Scranton, Bryan Turo.

chicago university economics phd: Promovieren in den Sozialwissenschaften Christian Schneijderberg, 2017-09-19 Christian Schneijderberg geht der Frage nach, wie Professorinnen und Professoren die Promotionsphase gestalten. Der Autor zeigt verschiedene strukturelle Dynamiken und eine große Vielfalt der Promotionsbedingungen in den Sozialwissenschaften Politikwissenschaft, Soziologie und Volkswirtschaftslehre in Deutschland, der Deutschschweiz und in Österreich. Die Promotionsphase ist insbesondere durch den Status, die Finanzierung und ein (nicht) vorhandenes Promotionsstipendium geprägt sowie davon, ob ein Buch oder eine kumulative Dissertation verfasst wird. Anhand der Merkmale wird das klassische Meister-Schüler-Modell durch einen zweiten Betreuungstypen, das Modell der curricularen Studierpromotion, ergänzt.

chicago university economics phd: The Oxford Handbook of Ordoliberalism Thomas

Biebricher, Werner Bonefeld, Peter Nedergaard, 2022-09-05 Since the financial crisis of 2008, ordoliberalism emerged from relative obscurity to become one of the crucial terms of analysis across a wide range of academic literatures and public discussion. In fact, it became the main reference for a number of issues, including assessments of the attempted resolution of the Eurozone crisis, arguments about German hegemony in Europe, debates over the future of economic liberalism and controversies about authoritarian liberalism. What is striking about ordoliberalism is its pronounced ambiguity, as some view it as a more refined and potentially progressive variant of neoliberalism, while others cast it as a blueprint for a regime of austerity reigning over a society of competition with only rudimentary democratic institutions. And while ordoliberalism is often portrayed as a quintessentially German tradition, its impact has not been confined to the German context, extending all the way to the unlikely case of China. In short, ordoliberalism is a phenomenon of arguably considerable influence that remains poorly understood, as it is mystified by its proponents and vilified by its critics. The Oxford Handbook of Ordoliberalism contains a selection of chapters written by an international cast of experts on ordoliberalism that aim to elucidate and analyze the latter in all of its many facets. From the intellectual origins and prime exemplars to its main theoretical themes and practical applications up to the most recent debates taking place across a range of disciplines, this volume offers the first comprehensive account of ordoliberalism for the English-speaking world.

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chicago university economics phd: Profitability and the Great Recession Ascension Mejorado, Manuel Roman, 2013-10-23 From the mid-1980s, investors in the US increasingly directed capital towards the financial sector at the expense of non-financial sectors, lured by the perception of higher profits. This flow of capital inflated asset prices, creating the stock market and housing bubbles which burst when the imbalance between stagnant incomes and rising debts triggered the banking meltdown. Profitability and the Great Recession analyses these trends in profitability and capital accumulation, which the authors identify as the root cause of the financial crisis, in the context of the US and other major OECD countries. Drawing on insights from Adam Smith, David Ricardo, John Stuart Mill and Karl Marx, the authors interpret the relationship between capital accumulation and profitability trends through the conceptual lens of classical political economy. The book provides extensive empirical evidence of declining rates of US non-financial corporate accumulations from the mid-1960s and profitability trends in that sector falling from post-war highs. In contrast to this, it is shown that there was a vigorous rise of profitability in the financial sector from a 1982 trough to the early part of the twenty-first century, which led to the bloating of that sector. The authors conclude that the long-term falling accumulation trend in the non-financial corporate sector, highlighted by the bankruptcy of major automobile corporations, stands out as the underlying force that transformed the financial crisis into a fully-fledged Great Recession. This book will be of interest to students and researchers in the areas of economics, political economy, business and finance.

chicago university economics phd: The Field of Chinese Language Education in the U.S.

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